

4.1.b STI Cooperation Barometer Interim report about the results of the first round

Project	STI International Cooperation Network for Eastern Partnership Countries – PLUS
Project Acronym	EaP PLUS
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Short abstract (max. 500 characters):

Initiated by the IncoNet EaP project, the STI cooperation barometer, a tool to measure the 'attitude towards EU-EaP STI cooperation' over time, will continue, in the context of EaP PLUS, to identify long-term trends. It is addressed to stakeholders and researchers with EU-EaP R&D cooperation experience in order to analyse any perceived developments on the ground ("sounding board") regarding the development of framework conditions, cooperation opportunities and potentials of bi-regional STI cooperation.



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1. Introduction – Task description

The barometer addresses stakeholders and researchers with EU-EaP research and development cooperation experience in the STI policy, research and innovation communities. The STI cooperation barometer between EU and EaP has already been implemented in the IncoNet EaP project through two online-questionnaires sent to around 600 contacts in two rounds and the results have been analysed. In this project two more rounds of questionnaires are sent and analysed since it is important to monitor the cooperation over time and observe the trends, which will feed other tasks (e.g. policy dialogue, training and dissemination activities, etc.). The first questionnaire was sent out in M8 (April 2017) and the second one will be sent in M20 (April 2018). The results between the two rounds will be analysed and compared with the results of the Barometer in IncoNet EaP project by M27 (November 2018).

2. Process of the first round

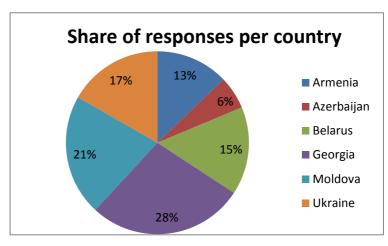
The survey of the first round is elaborated based on the online-questionnaire that was used in the IncoNet EaP project. The online survey tool was set up and tested by RCISD in March 2017. The first questionnaire was sent out at the end of March 2017 to 600 stakeholders and the survey was also published on the EaP PLUS website, social media channels and websites of local partners, ERC. The survey was closed in May 2017. The number of the total responses was 413, from that 257 questionnaires could be analysed (the other 156 questionnaires were partially completed). The main target group of the task was the scientific community in each Eastern Partnership countries, namely Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. The results of the two surveys will be analysed by RCISD.

The barometer also contributed to the dissemination of the EaP PLUS project, as after submitting the survey, participants were redirected to the EaP PLUS project website. Besides, the survey asked the participants to add their email address if they wish to subscribe to the EaP PLUS newsletter. 140 new contacts were subscribed thanks to this option.

3. Results of the first round

There is a significant difference between the share of country respondents in the first round. 28% of the respondents are Georgian, while the respondent rate from Azerbaijan is quite low, only 6%. Therefore, special measures will be taken when analysing the results between the rounds to avoid a distortion by the unbalanced responses.

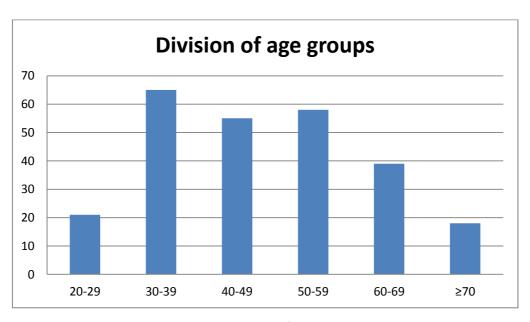
Country	Number of
	responses
Armenia	33
Azerbaijan	15
Belarus	40
Georgia	71
Moldova	55
Ukraine	43



1. Table: The number of respondents per country

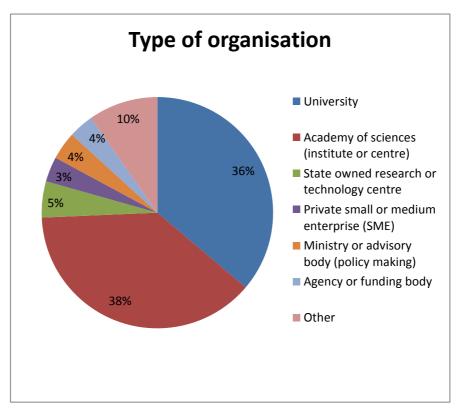
1. Figure: The share of respondents per country

The share of *male and female* respondents is nearly well balanced: 56% of the respondents are male and 44% female. As for the *age division*, almost half of the survey participants are younger researchers, which shows the interest of these age groups in the future of S&T cooperation.



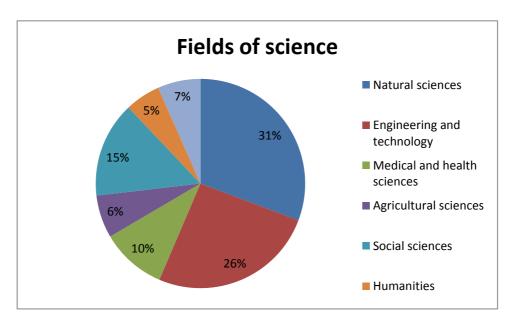
2. Figure: Division of age groups

As regards the *types of organisations*, more than half of the respondents are working with universities and academies of sciences, however only few of them are coming from the business sector.



3. Figure: Type of organisation

Regarding the *fields of science*, natural sciences and engineering are much better represented than agricultural sciences and humanities.



4. Figure: Fields of science

Respondents indicated that *international cooperation is very important for their organisation*, on a scale from 1 to 5 (1 = not important at all, 5 = very important) the average result was 4,71.

The survey asked the researchers to define the *importance of various international research*, science and technology cooperation activities on a scale from 1 to 5 (where 1 = unimportant and 5 = very important). Bilateral and international multilateral project collaboration with the EU countries; and exchange of S&T Information on a strategic level to set up future joint activities are the most important activities (average index above 4,3). Teaching assignments, hosting young researchers from abroad; market oriented activities to utilize research results with partners from abroad are considered as the most unimportant actions.

As regards experience in type of action between EaP and European countries, joint research collaboration including mobility is the most typical form of scientific cooperation, while research cooperation with industry or small and medium enterprises is the least popular action.

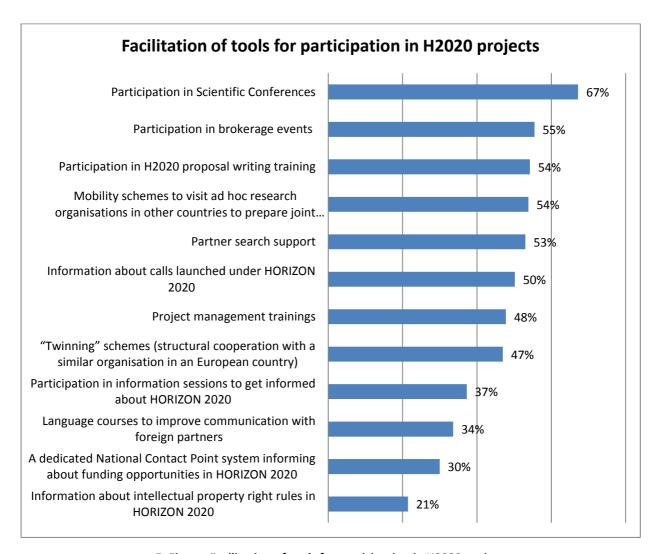
Based on the result of the survey the *level of cooperation with European countries* is increasing, as 64% of the respondents indicated that they have been working with European countries more than five years, only 9% indicated that they have been working with European countries for 1-2 years or have never worked with them.

Most of the respondents are well *informed about H2020* (98% of the respondents now about this platform) and the majority of them know about *ERA-NETs* (62%), however less than 30% of them familiar with other instruments and initiatives (*JPIs, ETP, EIT, JTI*).

Approximately 44% of the respondents have never *submitted any proposals under FP7* and 55% *under H2020*. 81% of the respondents are planning to submit proposals for Work Programme 2016-2017 of Horizon 2020, although only 41% of them are already involved in a consortium. 73% of the respondents have already tried to establish contacts with European researchers to get involved in Horizon 2020 applications.

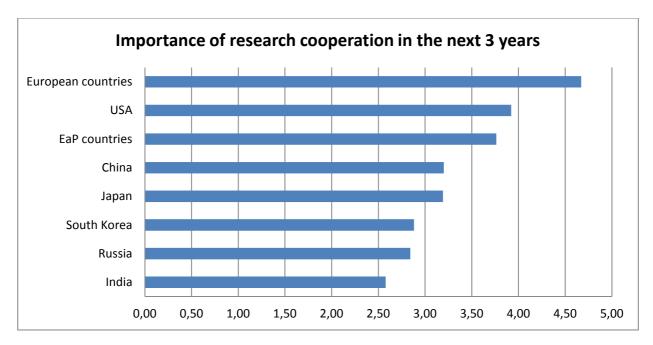
Researchers claimed that **communication problems between partners**; **unclear conditions of the application and implementation**; and **incomprehensible and overregulated legal rules** are the main difficulties of *preparing and implementing a project*. Nevertheless, fewer respondents face the following difficulties when preparing and implementing the project: finding potential project coordinator from EU countries, poor infrastructure and financial support as difficulties.

Respondents also indicated the *tools that might facilitate their participation in H2020*. The most positive responses were given for participation in scientific conferences (67%), participation in brokerage events (55%), participation in H2020 proposal writing training (54%), mobility schemes to visit ad hoc research organisations in other countries to discuss and prepare joint HORIZON 2020 proposals (54%). The **dedicated National Contact Point system informing about funding opportunities in HORIZON 2020 were considered to be useful by only 30% of the respondents**, and information about IPR received only 20%.



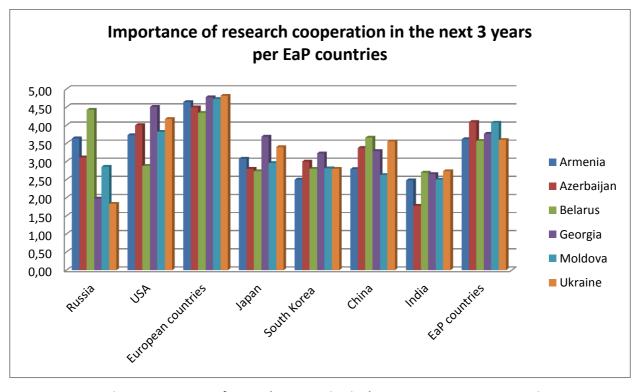
5. Figure: Facilitation of tools for participation in H2020 project

The importance of research cooperation between Russia, USA, European countries, Japan, South Korea, China, India and the EaP countries in the next three years is also evaluated. Overall, the most important are the European countries that received 4,57 average index and the less important is India.



6. Figure: Importance of research cooperation in the next 3 years

Overall, future cooperation with the European countries in the next 3 years shows the strongest increase, since all the EaP countries have positive expectations. Perspectives for stronger cooperation with Russia are characteristic for Armenia and Belarus. In case of cooperation with the USA and Japan we can see the similar order of importance: relatively positive expectations from Georgia and slightly negative estimations from Belarus.



7. Figure: Importance of research cooperation in the next 3 years per EaP countrie

4. Process of the second round

In this project two rounds of questionnaires are sent and analysed since it is important to monitor the cooperation over time and observe the trends, which will feed other tasks (e.g. policy dialogue, training and dissemination activities, etc.). The survey of the second round will be prepared by RCISD with some minor changes in March 2018. The second questionnaire will be sent out April 2018 to 600 stakeholders. The survey is closed in June 2018, will be also published on the EaP PLUS website, social media channels and websites of local partners. The long final report (deliverable) with comparison of the two rounds and two projects (EaP PLUS and Inconet EaP) will be analysed by RCISD between August and November 2018 that will be also available on EaP PLUS website, social media channels from November 2018.

5. Annexes – Survey tool as of 2017

	Choose one of the following answers
	Armenia
	Azerbaijan
	Belarus
	Georgia
	Moldova
	Ukraine
	I am from another country
d	This survey will be delivered to you a second time in 12 months to see the developments concerning international cooperation with your country. It is important that y licate here your e-mail address! This will facilitate a profound analysis. We will not share your contact details or use your data for any other purpose! ase write your answer here:

Ехр	erience with cooperation and backward looking I.
3. G	•nder • Choose one of the following answers
0	male female
4. A	⊕ Choose one of the following answers
000000	20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69 ≥70
5. Fo	r which type of organisation are you working? Choose one of the following answers
0	University Academy of sciences (institute or centre) State owned research or technology centre
	Private small or medium enterprise (SME) < 250 employees Private industry (large enterprise, > 250 employees) Ministry or advisory body (policy making) Agency or funding body
	Other:

Choose one of the following answers I sciences ering and technology II and health sciences tural sciences ciences ities
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rtant is international co-operation for your organisation?
2 0 3 0 4 0 5
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(1=unimportant, 5=very important) Please choose the appropriate response for each item:					
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	1	2	3	4	5
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eaching assignments (outgoing)					
eaching assignments (incoming)					
ending young researchers abroad					
losting young researchers from abroad					
silateral project collaboration (working with one curopean country)					
nternational multilateral project collaboration cooperation with more than one European country)					
Collaboration on international co-publications					
nstitutional cooperation for establishing agreements					
echnology cooperation with commercial potential ncluding a partner from abroad					
Market oriented activities to utilize research results with a partner from abroad					
access to research infrastructure abroad					
exchange of science and technology information on trategic level to set up future joint activities					

). My organisation has experience in the follo	wing type(s) of action with European countries:	
		⊕ Check all that apply	
	Joint research collaboration including mobil	lito	
	Higher education cooperation including mot		
	Research cooperation with industry or small		
	Policy making in the field of science, research		
	Development cooperation (development ass		
	No experience yet		
	Other:		
11	How well are you informed about calls for p	oroposals launched under bilateral S&T agreements w	ith single European countries?
		4.0	
0	1 0 2 0 3 0 4	1 0 5	
	ot informed, 5=very well informed		
12	2. How many years does your organisation wo	ork with European countries in European cooperation Ochoose one of the following answ	
	not yet		
	1-2 years		
	3-5 years		
	more than 5 years		
13	. Do you know about the following European	research instruments or platforms?	
Ple	ease choose the appropriate response for each	n item:	
		Yes	No
	RIZON 2020, the EU nework Programme for earch and Innovation (2014-		
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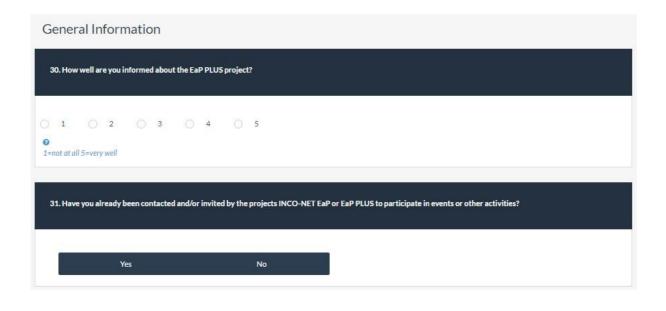
14. How well are you informed about HORIZON 2020, the EU Framework Programme for Research and Innovation (2014-2020)?
1 2 3 4 5 1=not informed, 5=very well informed
15. How well are you informed about calls for proposals launched by HORIZON 2020, the EU Framework Programme for Research and Innovation (2014-2020)?
1 2 3 4 5 1=not informed, 5=very well informed
16. In how many proposals or funded projects have you been personally involved in the 7th Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development (2007-2013)? Only numbers may be entered in these fields.
Number of proposals submitted in FP7
Number of funded projects in FP7
17. In how many proposals have you been personally involved so far in HORIZON 2020, the EU Framework Programme for Research and Innovation (2014-2020)? Only numbers may be entered in these fields.
Number of proposals submitted in HORIZON 2020 Number of funded projects in HORIZON 2020
18. Are you planning to submit proposals for Work Programme 2016-2017 or Work Programme 2018-2020 of Horizon 2020?
Yes No
19. If you plan to submit proposals in Horizon 2020 do you have the consortium?
Yes No

Yes No
Finding a potential partner Finding a potential project coordinator from EU countries Identifing partners from EU countries Identifing partners from EU countries Lack of personal network with partners Communication problems between partners Building a consortium Lack of experince in writing project proposals Economic, political problems, legislative system of the country Poor infrastructure and financial support Long administration, bureaucracy Unclear conditions of the application and implementation Legal rules are incomprehensible and overregulated Other: 21. Have you ever tried to establish contacts with European researchers to get involved in HORIZON 2020 app. Yes
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0
1=very difficult, 5=very easy
23. What kind of difficulties did you face when you try to establish contacts with European researchers to get invol

		♠ Check all that	t apply		
Participation in Scientific Confe	erences				
Partner search support					
Participation in brokerage ever	its (partnering meetings th	at allow to present ideas)			
Project management trainings					
Language courses to improve o	ommunication with foreign	partners			
"Twinning" schemes (structural	cooperation with a similar	organisation in an European	country in terms of resea	rch agendas, research manag	gement, etc.)
Information about calls launche	ed under HORIZON 2020				
Participation in information ses	ssions to get informed abou	it HORIZON 2020			
Participation in H2020 proposa	al writing training				
A dedicated National Contact F	oint system informing abo	ut funding opportunities in F	HORIZON 2020		
Mobility schemes to visit ad ho	c research organisations in	other countries to discuss a	nd prepare joint HORIZON	V 2020 proposals	
Information about intellectual j	property right rules in HOF	RIZON 2020			
Other:					
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25. How did research cooperation	of your country develop in				
25. How did research cooperation	of your country develop in				I do not know
25. How did research cooperation	of your country develop in	the last 2 years with the fo	llowing countries or regio	ns?	I do not know
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25. How did research cooperation Please choose the appropriate responses the appropriate responses to t	of your country develop in sonse for each item: Not relevant	the last 2 years with the fol Reducing	llowing countries or regio	ns? Increasing	
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25. How did research cooperation Please choose the appropriate resp esearch cooperation with ngle European countries	of your country develop in conse for each item: Not relevant	Reducing	Stable	Increasing	

26. Please, indicate 5 EU countries	and organisations with v	whom you have the most adva	anced STI cooperation!		
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Country 2					
Country 3					
ountry 4					
Country 5					
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umple: Spain, Institute of Chemistry, U 27. What is your opinion for the lik Please choose the appropriate resp	elihood of the following				
?7. What is your opinion for the lik Please choose the appropriate resp	elihood of the following onse for each item: Very unlikely	Rather unlikely	Rather likely	Most likely	I do not know
27. What is your opinion for the lik	elihood of the following			Most likely	I do not know
27. What is your opinion for the lik Please choose the appropriate resp esearchers will develop more ternational cooperation	elihood of the following onse for each item: Very unlikely	Rather unlikely	Rather likely		
27. What is your opinion for the lik Please choose the appropriate resp esearchers will develop more ternational cooperation tivities creased use of funding oportunities for international	elihood of the following onse for each item: Very unlikely	Rather unlikely	Rather likely	0	
esearchers will develop more ternational cooperation tivities creased use of funding appropriaties for international coperation of researchers ronger strategic cooperation my own country with the	elihood of the following onse for each item: Very unlikely	Rather unlikely	Rather likely	•	

	1	2	3	4	5
Russia					
JSA					
European Countries					
Japan					
South Korea					
China					
ndia					
EaP countries					
not important, 5=very important					
					5
enot important, 5=very important 29. In the next 3 years, International Science,	1	2	3	4	5
not important, 5=very important					5



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33. You are cordially invited to indicate here names and e-mail contacts (Scientists, STI policy makers) from the 6 Eastern Partnership countries (Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova, and Ukraine) so that we can invite them to join the "Cooperation Barometer" survey!	
Name	
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34. Please provide contact details in the text field and indicate phone number or skype address, e-mail for contacting you!	